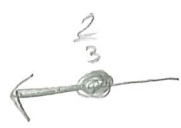
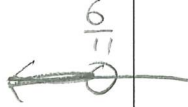
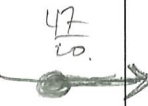
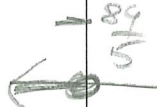


Résous les inéquations suivantes. Représente la solution à l'aide d'une droite numérique.

$7(5x - 2) \leq 2(4 + x)$ $35x - 14 \leq 8 + 2x$ $\begin{array}{r} -2x \\ -2x \end{array}$ $33x - 14 \leq 8$ $\begin{array}{r} +14 \\ +14 \end{array}$ $33x \leq 22$ $x \leq \frac{22}{33} \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{2}{3}$ 	$\left(\frac{x}{3} < 2(5 - 9x)\right) \times 3$ $x < 6(5 - 9x)$ $x < 30 - 54x$ $\begin{array}{r} +54x \\ +54x \end{array}$ $55x < 30$ $x < \frac{30}{55} \Rightarrow x < \frac{6}{11}$ 
$\left(5x - 2(8 - x) \geq \frac{x-1}{3}\right) \times 3$ $15x - 6(8 - x) \geq x - 1$ $15x - 48 + 6x \geq x - 1$ $\begin{array}{r} -x \\ -x \end{array}$ $20x \geq 48 - 1$ $20x \geq 47 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{47}{20}$ 	$\left(\frac{17x+5}{4} \leq 3(x-7)\right) \times 4$ $17x + 5 \leq 12(x - 7)$ $17x + 5 \leq 12x - 84$ $\begin{array}{r} -12x \\ -12x \end{array}$ $5x \leq -84 - 5$ $5x \leq -89 \Rightarrow x \leq -\frac{89}{5}$ 
$\left(\frac{25(x-3)}{9} < 4 - 2(1-x)\right) \times 9$ $25(x-3) < 36 - 18(1-x)$ $25x - 75 < 36 - 18 + 18x$ $\begin{array}{r} -18x \\ -18x \end{array}$ $7x < 36 - 18 + 75$ $7x < 93 \Rightarrow x < \frac{93}{7}$	$\left(\frac{11(x-3)}{8} \geq 1 - \frac{x}{2}\right) \times 8$ $11(x-3) \geq 8 - 4x$ $11x - 33 \geq 8 - 4x$ $\begin{array}{r} +4x \\ +4x \end{array}$ $15x \geq 33 + 8$ $15x \geq 41 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{41}{15}$

